

December 2009



# Kentucky Board of Pharmacy

Spindletop Administration Building  
2624 Research Park Dr, Suite 302  
Lexington, KY 40511

Published to promote voluntary compliance of pharmacy and drug law.



*Happy Holidays!!!!*  
From  
Kentucky Board of Pharmacy  
Board Members and Staff

## **John 'Jack' Voige Remembered**

John "Jack" Voige passed away on Tuesday, September 29, 2009 (Jack's wife, Mary Jane Riggs Voige passed away earlier this year on April 23, 2009). Jack served as executive director of the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy from 1966-1985. He also was a member of the Board of Pharmacy from 1957-1961, having been appointed by Governor A.B. "Happy" Chandler.

Jack graduated from the University of Cincinnati College of Pharmacy in 1943. Jack worked in a hospital pharmacy for four years and was owner of Briar Cliffe Pharmacy in Fort Thomas, KY, from 1951-1964. Jack served as the president of the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy® from 1981-1982.

Jack is survived by his daughter, Jane Lee Morrison of Naperville, IL, his son, John H. Voige III of Richmond, VA, and four grandchildren.

## **Continuing Education Reminder**

A pharmacist shall complete a minimum of one and five-tenths (1.5) CEUs (15 contact hours) annually between **January 1 and December 31**, pursuant to 201 KAR 2:015 Section 5(1). A pharmacist first licensed by the Board within 12 months immediately preceding the annual renewal date shall be exempt from the continuing pharmacy education provisions.

## **HIV/AIDS Continuing Education 2010**

The June 2002 Board *Newsletter* stated that the Board will require that every Kentucky licensed pharmacist shall successfully complete a continuing education program of not less than one contact hour, 0.1 continuing education unit (CEU), regarding HIV/AIDS that complies with KRS 214.610(1). The continuing education program shall be approved by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services HIV/AIDS Branch or be conducted by a provider approved by the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education. **Therefore, a Kentucky licensed pharmacist must successfully complete a one-hour (0.1 CEU) HIV/AIDS program during the calendar year January 1-December 31, 2010.**

## **2010 Pharmacist License Renewals**

Pharmacist licenses expire on February 28, 2010. The Board will send out a **postcard** the first week of January 2010 as a reminder (in addition, a pharmacist that renewed online last year will be sent a reminder via e-mail). This year the Board encourages you to renew your license online. **Renewal applications will not be mailed out; however, a re-**

**newal application may be printed from the Board's Web site at [www.pharmacy.ky.gov](http://www.pharmacy.ky.gov).**

## **2010 Pharmacy Technician Registration Renewals**

Pharmacy technician registrations expire on March 31, 2010. The Board will send out a **postcard** the first week of February 2010 as a reminder (in addition, a pharmacy technician that registered online last year will be sent a reminder via e-mail). **Renewal applications will not be mailed out; however, a renewal application may be printed from the Board's Web site.**

## **New Board Members**

Governor Steven L. Beshear appointed the following as members of the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy to serve terms beginning January 2, 2010, and expiring January 1, 2014:

Deborah L. Brewer, RPh, of Sandy Hook, KY  
Brian C. DeWire, DC, of Paintsville, KY  
Scott Greenwell, RPh, Louisville, KY

## **New Board of Pharmacy Employees**

On August 1, 2009, Shannon Allen, RPh, and Chris Frasure, RPh, began as pharmacy and drug inspectors with the Board of Pharmacy.

Shannon is a 1993 graduate of the University of Kentucky College of Pharmacy and has worked for 16 years in the retail pharmacy setting (Rite Aid for two years and Wal-Mart for 14 years). She, her husband Travis, and their children reside in London, KY. Shannon will cover south central and eastern Kentucky counties.

Chris is a 1992 graduate of the University of Kentucky College of Pharmacy and has worked for 17 years in the retail pharmacy setting (K-Mart for 14 years and Walgreens for three years). He, his wife Natalie, and their children reside in Lawrenceburg, KY. Chris will cover central Kentucky counties.

## **2010 CAPTASA Conference**

The 2010 Clinical Applications of the Principles in Treatment of Addictions and Substance Abuse (CAPTASA) Conference will be held Friday and Saturday, January 29-30, 2009, at the Embassy Suites in Lexington, KY. For information on this conference please visit [www.captasa.org](http://www.captasa.org), or contact Sandy Patrick at [sandy@captasa.org](mailto:sandy@captasa.org) or 502/425-7761.

## **Partial Filling of Controlled Substance Prescriptions**

The Board office and pharmacy inspectors often have the question asked of whether a partial fill on a controlled substance prescription is considered a partial or a full refill.

*Continued on page 4*



## **Pharmacy Security and Safety Prove Necessary Component in Pharmacists' Training**

Pharmacy robbery – no one ever thinks it will happen to them, but those who have experienced it know it **can** happen to anyone. To address the importance of recognizing actions to follow if faced with a robbery, several boards of pharmacy have included pharmacy safety resources in their state newsletters and on their Web sites. In addition, to keep current licensees aware and up to speed on safety measures, procedures can be directly taught and reiterated in the pharmacy. Likewise, at least one college of pharmacy has begun incorporating pharmacy safety training in its curriculum and recently saw the extreme benefits of doing so.

On Wednesday, July 8, 2009, Dustin Bryan, a P2 doctor of pharmacy candidate at Campbell University College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences, quickly learned how imperative pharmacy safety training really was when he experienced a pharmacy robbery first hand. Just as Bryan and his fellow employees were preparing to close the store, two gunmen entered the North Carolina pharmacy and approached the counter demanding OxyContin®. They left with bags filled with OxyContin and Percocet®, having a retail value of nearly \$10,000.

Luckily, all employees involved remained unharmed and despite the situation, Bryan was able to remain calm, focusing on lessons he recently learned during his pharmacy management course at Campbell.

Bryan shared his experience in the university's college of pharmacy alumni e-Newsletter. In the article Bryan states, "I crouched down hoping they hadn't seen me so I could get to a safe place in an office behind the pharmacy to call the police. They saw me as I was crawling and made me come to the front of the pharmacy. My mind was running through a class Dr Cisneros taught dealing with a robbery," he explains. "I knew what type of questions the police would be asking from our lecture, and I was asking myself those very questions while the robbery was happening. It was a very intense and scary moment . . . but I am thankful for the class I had and that nobody was hurt during the whole ordeal."

In December 2008, a safety DVD, *Pharmacy Security – Robbery*, accompanied the shipments of the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy® 2009 Survey of Pharmacy Law that were sent to the schools and colleges of pharmacy. The DVD was an educational offering from Purdue Pharma L.P. provided to the schools as part of an initiative to promote pharmacy safety education. Endorsed by National Association of Drug Diversion Investigators, Federal Bureau of Investigation Law Enforcement Executive Development Association, and National Community Pharmacists Association, the 15-minute video contains information that may be critical to preparing pharmacists in the event that they are faced with a robbery.

It was this DVD that Robert Cisneros, PhD, assistant professor at the university, implemented in his pharmacy management

course – the very same course that helped Bryan stay calm during the robbery. Cisneros went a step further by arranging for the head of campus security to speak during the course.

"One of the biggest values of the DVD was pointing out things to focus on during a robbery such as the robber's appearance – clothes, height, weight – and not just focusing on the gun," states Cisneros. He was glad to have received the DVD, explaining that, "it was just the right length, added a lot to the class, and led to great discussions." Cisneros went on to share that he was surprised to learn only 50% of the students in his class this past spring had some form of training on what to do if robbed, though this was a significant increase from the less than 5% who indicated so a few years prior.

Pharmacy robberies may not be avoidable; however, with the proper knowledge, individuals faced with these frightening situations may be better prepared to avoid harm and to assist law enforcement officials in catching criminals before additional robberies occur.

The safety DVD mentioned above may be viewed on the RxPatrol® Web site at [www.rxpatrol.org](http://www.rxpatrol.org). RxPatrol is a collaborative effort between industry and law enforcement designed to collect, collate, analyze, and disseminate pharmacy theft information. The safety DVD, along with a variety of other non-branded educational materials, is also available through the Purdue Pharma Medical Education Resource Catalog, accessible at [www.partnersagainstpain.com](http://www.partnersagainstpain.com) under Pain Education Center.

## **Concerns with Patients' Use of More than One Pharmacy**



*This column was prepared by the Institute for Safe Medication Practices (ISMP). ISMP is an independent nonprofit agency that analyzes medication errors, near misses, and potentially hazardous conditions as reported by pharmacists and other practitioners. ISMP then makes appropriate contacts with companies and regulators, gathers expert opinion about prevention measures, and publishes its recommendations. To read about the risk reduction strategies that you can put into practice today, subscribe to ISMP Medication Safety Alert!® Community/Ambulatory Care Edition by visiting [www.ismp.org](http://www.ismp.org). ISMP is a federally certified Patient Safety Organization, providing legal protection and confidentiality for submitted patient safety data and error reports. ISMP is also a FDA MedWatch partner. Call 1-800-FAIL-SAF(E) to report medication errors to the ISMP Medication Errors Reporting Program or report online at [www.ismp.org](http://www.ismp.org). ISMP address: 200 Lakeside Dr, Suite 200, Horsham, PA 19044. Phone: 215/947-7797. E-mail: [ismpinfo@ismp.org](mailto:ismpinfo@ismp.org).*

Perhaps it is not readily apparent, but medication safety could be compromised if patients practice polypharmacy to take advantage of widely publicized programs offering discounted or free medications. With tough economic times, patients may choose to fill or refill their prescriptions at multiple pharmacy



locations to save money, since taking advantage of such offers may cost less than filling their prescription at their usual pharmacy and paying the insurance co-pay.

Normally, when a customer presents a prescription, the pharmacy sends information about the drug and the patient to third-party payers and/or the patient's pharmacy benefit managers (PBM) for reimbursement.

If patients are paying out of pocket for the prescription, the pharmacy can notify the PBM so the medication can be tracked, but notification is not required. In these circumstances, the PBM and insurer may not be made aware that the prescription has been dispensed and no adjudication or drug utilization clinical screening of the prescription will be performed. Normally, medications are screened by the PBM's computer system, which includes all prescription medications regardless of where they were dispensed, and dispensing pharmacists are alerted to drug duplications, drug interactions, and some other unsafe conditions. This checking process will not occur if the prescription is not sent to the PBM. This also has an impact on hospitals that use outside vendors that obtain PBM data through Surescripts in order to populate patient medication profiles upon admissions to the emergency department or hospital. This could decrease the accuracy of drug lists collected for medication reconciliation since these vendors access their information from PBMs and insurers.

For these reasons, patients need to be educated about the importance of sharing insurance information wherever they have their prescriptions filled, even when the insurance is not being billed. Community pharmacists can help by submitting claims to insurance carriers, as cash, to keep an accurate medication profile for the patient. This is especially necessary if the patient is only filling a prescription for a drug on the \$4 list from your pharmacy, but you suspect they may be taking other medications and obtaining them elsewhere. It is also important to expand our efforts to encourage patients to keep a complete list of medications, herbals, nutritional supplements, vitamins, and prescription drugs and to show this list to every provider of care they visit. Community pharmacies can also update patient medication profiles in their computer systems to include prescription and over-the-counter medications obtained at other pharmacies, including mail-order, and promoting and providing a written copy of this list to the patient upon request.

## **CDC Launches Get Smart Web Site to Help Decrease Antibiotic Resistance**

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) launched the Get Smart Web site to teach about the potential danger of antibiotic resistance and what can be done to prevent it. Because antibiotic resistance is one of the world's most pressing public health problems, CDC also held Get Smart Week on October 5-11 to emphasize its public health effort to decrease antibiotic resistance, including how pharmacists can become involved.

The Web site contains patient education materials, updated guidelines for health care providers, campaign materials, and additional resources, including information in Spanish, to help increase the public health awareness of antibiotic resistance and the importance of obtaining influenza vaccines in time for the upcoming flu season. As most states now allow pharmacists to immunize, they can help contribute to public health awareness on who should get flu shots and appropriate antibiotic use in the community. The Get Smart Web site can be accessed at [www.cdc.gov/getsmart/](http://www.cdc.gov/getsmart/).

## **FDA Approves Vaccine for 2009-2010 Seasonal Influenza and H1N1**

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved a vaccine for 2009-2010 seasonal influenza in the United States. FDA has also approved four vaccines against the 2009 H1N1 influenza virus. The seasonal influenza vaccine will not protect against the 2009 H1N1 influenza virus. More information is available at [www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements](http://www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements).

## **ISMP: Do Not Store Insulin Vials in Open Cartons – Risk of Mix-up High**

ISMP warns that storing insulin vials inside their cardboard cartons after the packages have been opened can lead to mix-ups, and potential medical emergencies, if vials are accidentally returned to the wrong carton after being used. The next patient care worker looking for a particular insulin product could read the label on the carton, assume that it accurately reflects what is inside, and end up administering the wrong product. To avoid such a mishap, ISMP recommends that the cartons be discarded, either in the pharmacy before the insulin is dispensed, or when it is received at the nursing station.

## **FDA Takes Actions on Pain Medications Containing Propoxyphene**

FDA announced in July that it will require manufacturers of propoxyphene-containing products to strengthen the label, including the boxed warning, emphasizing the potential for overdose when using these products. FDA will also require manufacturers to provide a medication guide for patients stressing the importance of using the drugs as directed. In addition, FDA is requiring a new safety study assessing unanswered questions about the effects of propoxyphene on the heart at higher than recommended doses. Findings from this study, as well as other data, could lead to additional regulatory action. In its July 7 denial of a citizen petition requesting a phased withdrawal of propoxyphene, FDA said that, despite "serious concerns . . .", the benefits of using the medication for pain relief at recommended doses outweighs the safety risks at this time." Additional information can be found at [www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm170769.htm](http://www.fda.gov/NewsEvents/Newsroom/PressAnnouncements/ucm170769.htm).

### 1306.23 Partial filling of prescriptions

The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled substance listed in Schedule III, IV, or V is permissible, provided that:

- a. Each partial refill is recorded in the same manner as a refilling,
- b. The total quantity dispensed in all partial fillings does not exceed the total quantity prescribed, and
- c. No dispensing occurs after 6 months after the date on which the prescription was issued.

Therefore, a patient that brings in a prescription for a Schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance can receive all refills, even though the refills may be in partial fills.

Please visit the following Web site to view the above: [www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/cfr/1306/1306\\_23.htm](http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov/21cfr/cfr/1306/1306_23.htm).

### Contact Numbers for State Boards and Federal Agencies

Board of Dentistry .....	502/429-7280 502/429-7282 (fax)
Board of Medical Licensure.....	502/429-7150 502/429-7158 (fax)
Board of Nursing.....	502/429-3300 502/429-3311 (fax)
Board of Optometric Examiners .....	859/246-2744 859/246-2746 (fax)
Board of Respiratory Care .....	859/246-2747 859/246-2750 (fax)
Drug Enforcement and Professional Practices Branch of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.....	502/564-7985
Food and Drug Administration (Cincinnati).....	513/684-3501
Drug Enforcement Administration (Louisville, KY).....	502/582-5905

For more information on these and other state agencies please visit [www.ky.gov](http://www.ky.gov), click on government, and then click on state agency list.

### Board of Pharmacy Online Services

The Kentucky Board of Pharmacy is concerned about the environment and the world around us. The Board has worked very diligently over the past few years to provide secure online services that meet the needs of all entities licensed, permitted, or registered with the Board. These online services include pharmacist license renewals, pharmacy permit renewals, medicinal gas pharmacy permit renewals, nonresident pharmacy permit renewals, wholesale distributor license renewals, and manufacturer permit renewals. Our latest online services allow

pharmacy technicians to complete their initial registration and subsequent renewals and for verification of pharmacists, pharmacist interns, pharmacy technicians, pharmacies, special medicinal gas pharmacies, wholesale distributors, and manufacturers.

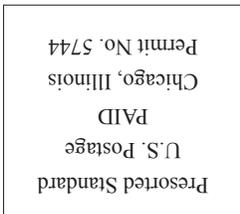
Making our services available online allows the Board to offer services when you need them and not just during office hours. The online renewal process promotes a more efficient business process and online services reduce and even eliminate the use of paper, creating efficiencies in manpower, and reducing the cost and waste associated with a paper-based process. The Board is excited about this greener and more efficient business process.

In partnership with Kentucky.gov and the Finance Cabinet, the Board of Pharmacy online transactions and payments are securely processed through Kentucky.gov ([www.kentucky.gov](http://www.kentucky.gov)), the Commonwealth's official Web portal. Kentucky.gov and the Commonwealth's payment services uses the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol to safeguard your sensitive personal information, including your credit card number, during online transactions. SSL protocol is the industry's accepted form of encryption and it provides the highest level of protection possible for Internet communications. Using this widely accepted form of encryption, your transaction is secured from your personal computer to the Kentucky.gov computer processing your request. The Kentucky.gov processing computers are located behind a secure firewall. For added security, unless you have specified differently, your credit card information is not retained and only authorized individuals have access to your credit card number for card processing purposes.

The Kentucky Board of Pharmacy will continue to explore additional avenues for an efficient paperless process. We urge each of you to take full advantage of these services and help us protect the environment.

The *Kentucky Board of Pharmacy News* is published by the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy and the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy Foundation, Inc, to promote voluntary compliance of pharmacy and drug law. The opinions and views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the official views, opinions, or policies of the Foundation or the Board unless expressly so stated.

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