- 1 BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS
- 2 BOARD OF PHARMACY
- 3 (AMENDMENT)
- 4 201 KAR 2:210. Patient records, [and] patient counseling drug regimen review, patient
- 5 counseling, and final product verification.
- 6 RELATES TO: KRS <u>217.015(9)</u>, <u>218A.010(11)</u>, <u>315.010(7)</u>,(9), (24), <u>315.020(5)(e)</u>,
- 7 315.191(1), [(5), (6),] 42 C.F.R. Part 456
- 8 STATUTORY AUTHORITY: KRS 217.215(2), 315.191(1), [(5)], 42 C.F.R. Part 456
- 9 NECESSITY, FUNCTION, AND CONFORMITY: [KRS 315.191(1),(56)]], 42 C.F.R. CFR Part
- 456 mandates that pharmacists implement drug regimen [utilization] reviews and provide
- patient counseling to those recipients of health-care benefits for which federal funds are
- 12 allocated. [This administrative regulation provides for this mechanism and broadens its
- magnitude by rendering this valuable service available to all Kentucky's citizenry, equitably.]
- This regulation establishes rules for the dispensing of a prescription drug or medical order by a
- pharmacist and ensures comprehensive patient records are maintained and remain
- 16 confidential.
- 17 Section 1. <u>Definitions.</u>
- 18 (1) "Automated filling system" means an automated system used by a pharmacy to assist in
- 19 filling a prescription drug order or medical order by selecting, labeling, filling, or sealing
- 20 medication for dispensing. An "automated filling system" shall not include automated devices

- used solely to count medication, vacuum tube drug delivery systems, automated pharmacy
- 2 systems as defined in KRS 218A.185, or automated dispensing systems as defined in 201 KAR
- 3 <u>2:370.</u>
- 4 (2) "Confidential information" is defined by KRS 315.010(7).
- 5 (3) "Dispense" or "Dispensing" is defined by KRS 315.010(9), KRS 217.015(9) and KRS
- 6 <u>218A.010(11).</u>
- 7 (4) "Electronic verification" means the non-physical visual verification a pharmacist utilizes to
- 8 verify the accuracy of the final contents of the prepared prescription product and affixed label
- 9 prior to dispensing.
- 10 (5) "Electronic verification system" means an electronic verification, bar code verification, weight
- verification, radio frequency identification, or similar electronic process or system that accurately
- verifies medication has been properly prepared and labeled by, or loaded into, an automated
- 13 <u>filling system.</u>
- 14 (6) "Final Product Verification" means the process a pharmacist utilizes to verify the accuracy of
- the final contents of any prepared prescription product and affixed label prior to dispensing.
- (7) "Manufacturer unit of use package" means a drug dispensed in the manufacturer's original
- and sealed packaging, or in the original and sealed packaging of a re-packager, without
- additional manipulation or preparation by the pharmacy, except for application of the pharmacy
- 19 <u>label;</u>
- 20 (8) "Medical Order" is defined by KRS 315.010(14).
- 21 (9) "Prepared prescription product" is a prescription drug or medical order prepared for
- 22 <u>dispensing by a pharmacist.</u>
- 23 (10) "Prescription drug order" is defined by KRS 315.010(25).

- 1 (11) "Re-packager" means a re-packager registered with the United States Food and Drug
- 2 Administration.
- 3 (12) "Repacked" means any drug that has been removed from the original packaging of the
- 4 manufacturer or a re-packager's packaging and is placed in a container for use in an automated
- 5 filling system.
- 6 Section 2. Patient Records.
- 7 (1) (a) A patient record system shall, with the exercise of professional judgment, be maintained
- 8 by a pharmacy for patients for whom prescription drug or medical orders prescriptive drug
- 9 orders are dispensed at that pharmacy location.
- 10 (2) [(b)] A pharmacist, with the exercise of professional judgment, shall establish a procedure
- for obtaining, recording, and maintaining information required for a patient record.
- (3) [(c)] A pharmacist, or a pharmacy technician or a pharmacist intern his designee, shall
- obtain, record, and maintain the information for a patient record.
- 14 (4) [(d)] A patient record shall:
- (a) [1.] Be readily retrievable by manual or electronic means;
- (b) [-2.] Enable the pharmacist to identify previously dispensed drugs and known disease
- 17 conditions;
- (c) [3.] Enable the pharmacist to determine the impact of previously dispensed drugs and
- known disease conditions upon the newly submitted prescription drug or medical order
- 20 [prescriptive drug order]; and
- 21 (d) [4-] Be maintained for not less than 180 days from the date of the last entry.
- 22 (5) [(2)] A patient record shall include:
- 23 (a) Full name of patient or animal for whom the drug is intended;
- 24 (b) Address and telephone number of the patient;

- 1 (c) Patient's age or date of birth;
- 2 (d) Patient's gender;
- 3 (e) A list of all prescriptions received by the pharmacy or dispensed obtained by to the patient
- 4 at that pharmacy location for the past twelve (12) months by:
- 5 1. Prescription number;
- 6 2. Name and strength of medication;
- 7 3. Quantity;
- 8 4. Date received;
- 9 5. Identity of prescriber; and
- 10 6. Comments or other information as may be relevant to the specific patient or drug; and
- (f) Individual medical history if significant, including known disease states, known allergies,
- idiosyncrasies, reactions or conditions relating to prospective drug use and drug regimen
- 13 reviews.
- 14 Section 3. [2.] Prospective Drug Regimen Review.
- (1) A prospective drug regimen review shall be conducted by a pharmacist prior to dispensing.
- (2) It shall include an assessment of a patient's drug therapy and the prescription order.
- 17 (3) A prospective drug regimen review shall include a review by the pharmacist of the
- 18 following:
- 19 (a) Known allergies;
- 20 (b) Rationale for use;
- 21 (c) Proper dose, route of administration, and directions;
- 22 (d) Synergism with currently employed modalities;
- 23 (e) Interaction or adverse reaction with applicable:
- 24 1. Drugs;

- 1 <u>2. Foods; or</u>
- 2 3. Known disease states;
- 3 (f) Proper utilization for optimum therapeutic outcomes; and
- 4 (g) Clinical misuse or abuse.
- 5 Section 4. Automated Filling Systems.
- 6 (1) Automated filling systems shall be stocked or loaded by a pharmacist or by a pharmacist
- 7 intern or certified pharmacy technician under the supervision of a pharmacist. A registered
- 8 pharmacy technician may stock or load an automated filling system under the immediate
- 9 supervision of a pharmacist.
- 10 (2) A licensed pharmacist shall inspect and verify the accuracy of the final contents of any
- prepared prescription product filled or packaged by an automated filling system and the label
- affixed thereto prior to dispensing. A pharmacist shall be deemed to have verified the prepared
- prescription product and the label affixed thereto if:
- 14 (a) The filling process is fully automated from the time the filling process is initiated until a
- completed, labeled, and sealed prepared prescription product is produced by the automated
- 16 filling system that is ready for dispensing to the patient. No manual intervention with the
- medication or prepared prescription product may occur after the medication is loaded into the
- automated filling system. Manual intervention shall not include preparing a finished prepared
- 19 prescription product for mailing, delivery, or storage;
- 20 (b) A pharmacist verifies the accuracy of the prescription information used by or entered into the
- 21 <u>automated filling system for a specific patient prior to initiation of the automatic fill process. The</u>
- 22 name, initials, or identification code of the verifying pharmacist shall be recorded in the
- 23 pharmacy's records and maintained for five (5) years after dispensing;

- 1 (c) The pharmacy establishes and follows a policy and procedure manual that complies with this
- 2 <u>rule;</u>
- 3 (d) A pharmacist verifies the correct medication, repackaged container, or manufacturer unit of
- 4 use package was properly stocked, filled, and loaded in the automated filling system prior to
- 5 initiating the fill process. Alternatively, an electronic verification system may be used for
- 6 verification of manufacturer unit of use packages or repacked medication previously verified by
- 7 a pharmacist. The name, initials, or identification code of the verifying pharmacist shall be
- 8 recorded in the pharmacy's records and maintained for five (5) years after dispensing;
- 9 (e) The medication to be dispensed is filled, labeled, and sealed in the prescription container by
- the automated filling system or dispensed by the system in a manufacturer's unit of use package
- or a repacked pharmacy container;
- (f) An electronic verification system is used to verify the proper prescription label has been affixed
- to the correct medication, repackaged container, or manufacturer unit of use package for the
- 14 correct patient; and
- (g) Daily random quality testing is conducted by a pharmacist on a sample size of prescriptions
- filled by an automated filling system. The required sample size shall not be less than two (2)
- percent of the prescriptions filled by the automated system on the date tested or two (2) percent
- of the prescriptions filled by the automated system on the last day of system operation, as
- designated in writing by the pharmacist in charge. Proof of compliance, including date and
- 20 results, of daily random quality testing shall be maintained and documented in the pharmacy's
- 21 records.
- 22 (3) Pharmacies verifying prescriptions utilizing the method in subsection two (2) shall establish
- 23 and follow written policies and procedures to ensure the proper, safe, and secure functioning of
- the system. Policies and procedures shall be reviewed annually by the pharmacist in charge and

- shall be maintained in the pharmacy's records for a minimum of five (5) years. The required
- 2 annual review shall be documented in the pharmacy's records and made available upon request.
- 3 (4) At a minimum, the pharmacy shall establish and follow policies and procedures for:
- 4 (a) Maintaining the automated filling system and any accompanying electronic verification
- 5 system in good working order;
- 6 (b) Ensuring accurate filling, loading, and stocking of the system
- 7 (c) Ensuring sanitary operations of the system and preventing cross-contamination of cells,
- 8 <u>cartridges, containers, cassettes, or packages;</u>
- 9 (d) Reporting, investigating, and addressing filling errors and system malfunctions;
- 10 (e) Testing the accuracy of the automated filling system and any accompanying electronic
- verification system. At a minimum, the automated filling system and electronic verification
- system shall be tested before the first use of the system or restarting the system and upon any
- modification to the automated filling system or electronic verification system that changes or
- 14 alters the filling or electronic verification process;
- (f) Training persons authorized to access, stock, restock, or load the automated filling system in
- equipment use and operations;
- 17 (g) Tracking and documenting prescription errors related to the automated filling system that are
- not corrected prior to dispensing to the patient. Such documentation shall be maintained for five
- 19 (5) years and produced to the board upon request;
- 20 (h) Conducting routine and preventative maintenance, and, if applicable, calibration;
- 21 (i) Removing expired, adulterated, misbranded, or recalled drugs;
- 22 (j) Preventing unauthorized access to the system, including assigning, discontinuing, or
- changing security access;
- 24 (k) Identifying and recording persons responsible for stocking, loading, and filling the system;

- 1 (I) Ensuring compliance with state and federal law, including, all applicable labeling, storage and
- 2 <u>security requirements; and</u>
- 3 (m) Maintaining an ongoing quality assurance program that monitors performance of the
- 4 <u>automatic fill system and any electronic verification system to ensure proper and accurate</u>
- 5 <u>functioning.</u>
- 6 (5) Records required by this rule shall be maintained by the pharmacy's records electronically
- or in writing for a minimum of five (5) years. When the verification requirements of section 4,
- 8 <u>subsection 2 of this rule are completed by a pharmacist, the name, initials or identification code</u>
- 9 of the verifying pharmacist shall be recorded in the pharmacy's records and maintained for five
- 10 (5) years after dispensing. Records shall be made available for inspection and produced to the
- 11 <u>board upon request.</u>
- 12 Section 5. Final Product Verification.
- 13 (1) Final product verification of a prepared prescription product shall be conducted by a
- pharmacist prior to delivery of the prepared prescription product to the patient.
- 15 (2) No further manipulation of a prepared prescription product shall occur after the pharmacist's
- verification is complete other than applying the required container lid or seal and preparing the
- prepared prescription product for mailing, delivery or storage.
- 18 (3) The identity of the pharmacist responsible for verifying the prepared prescription product shall
- be documented in the pharmacy's records.
- 20 (4) A mechanism shall be in place to record and communicate the pharmacist's verification.
- 21 (5) A licensed pharmacist may use an electronic verification system to verify the accuracy of a
- 22 <u>final prepared prescription product if:</u>
- 23 (a) The electronic verification system allows the pharmacist to see an exact, clear, and
- unobstructed visual image or images of the prepared prescription product contents and the label

- affixed to the container. If multiple units are being dispensed, the pharmacist shall be able to see
- 2 and verify an image or images of each unit and each individual affixed label;
- 3 (b) Pharmacy technicians and pharmacist interns preparing a prescription to be verified with
- 4 <u>electronic verification shall be trained and competent to perform the duties assigned and have a</u>
- 5 documented initial and annual assessment of competency using the pharmacy's approved
- 6 electronic verification system;
- 7 (c) The pharmacy maintains an ongoing quality assurance program that monitors performance
- 8 of the electronic verification system to ensure proper and accurate functioning and must include
- 9 procedures for system outages; and
- 10 (d) The pharmacy maintains records required by this rule electronically or in writing for a
- minimum of five (5) years. Records shall be made available for inspection and produced to the
- board upon request.
- 13 (6) Compounded preparations shall not be verified electronically. Compounded preparations
- shall be physically verified by a pharmacist.
- (7) Final product verification of a prescription shall only occur on the premises of the originating
- pharmacy notwithstanding any final product verification occurring under 201 KAR 2:230.
- 17 (8) The board may, upon a petition by a permit holder and upon a showing of good cause and
- in the balancing the best interest of the public health, safety, and welfare, waive a specific portion
- of this section.
- 20 <u>Section 6.</u> Patient Counseling.
- 21 (1) The pharmacist shall offer to counsel a patient on matters which the pharmacist [he]
- believes will optimize drug therapy with each patient or caregiver:
- 23 (a) Upon the presentation of an original prescription order; and
- 24 (b) On refill prescriptions, as professional discretion dictates.

- 1 (2) [(a)] The offer shall be made by the pharmacist in a face-to-face communication with the
- 2 patient or caregiver, unless, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist, it is deemed
- 3 impractical or inappropriate.
- 4 (3) [(b)] If deemed impractical or inappropriate, the offer to counsel may be made:
- 5 (a) [1.] By the pharmacy technician or pharmacist intern [pharmacist designee];
- 6 (b) [2.] In written communication;
- 7 (c) [3.] By telephone [through access to a telephone service that is toll-free for long distance
- 8 calls, unless the primary patient population is accessible through a local, measured, or toll-free
- 9 exchangel; or
- (d) [4.] In another manner determined by the pharmacist to be appropriate.
- 11 (4) [(3)] Patient counseling shall be:
- 12 (a) In person when practical; or
- 13 (b) With reasonable effort, by telephone or real-time video.
- 14 (5) [(4)] The pharmacist shall include the following elements of patient counseling that the
- pharmacist he has determined are appropriate:
- 16 (a) The name and description of the drug;
- 17 (b) The dosage form, dose, route of administration, and duration of therapy;
- 18 (c) Special directions and precautions;
- (d) Common and clinically significant adverse effects, interactions, or contraindications that
- 20 may be encountered, including their avoidance and the action required should they occur;
- 21 (e) Techniques for self-monitoring of drug therapy;
- 22 (f) Proper storage;
- 23 (g) Refill information;
- 24 (h) Action to be taken in event of a missed dose;

- 1 (i) The pharmacist's [His] comments relevant to the individual's therapy; and
- 2 (j) Any other information peculiar to the specific patient or drug.
- 3 (6) [(5)] If a pharmacist determines that it is appropriate, the pharmacist he may supplement
- 4 patient counseling with additional forms of patient information, such as:
- 5 (a) Written, electronic, or printed information leaflets;
- 6 (b) Pictogram labels; and
- 7 (c) Video programs.
- 8 (7) [(6)] Mail-order pharmacies shall be subject to the same counseling requirements as any
- 9 other pharmacy.
- Section 7. Documentation of Counseling.
- 11 (1) A record that the patient refused the pharmacist's offer to counsel shall be maintained for
- 12 <u>one (1) year.</u>
- 13 (2) If there is no record that the patient refused the pharmacist's offer to counsel, there shall be
- 14 a presumption that:
- 15 (a) The offer to counsel, as required in Section 4 of this administrative regulation, was made
- 16 and accepted; and

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- 17 (b) The counseling was provided.
- 19 <u>Section 8. Section 3.</u> Confidentiality.
- 20 (1) A patient record shall be held in confidence.
- 21 (2) It shall be communicated or released:
- 22 (a) To the patient;
- 23 (b) As the patient directs; or
- 24 (c) As prudent, professional discretion dictates.
- 25 Section 4. Prospective Drug Use Review.

- 1 (1) A prospective drug use review shall be conducted by a pharmacist prior to dispensing.
- 2 (2) It shall include an assessment of a patient's drug therapy and the prescription order.
- 3 (3) A prospective drug use review shall include a review by the pharmacist of the following:
- 4 (a) Known allergies;
- 5 (b) Rationale for use;
- 6 (c) Proper dose, route of administration, and directions;
- 7 (d) Synergism with currently employed modalities;
- 8 (e) Interaction or adverse reaction with applicable:
- 9 1. Drugs;
- 10 2. Foods; or
- 11 3. Known disease states;
- 12 (f) Proper utilization for optimum therapeutic outcomes; and
- 13 (g) Clinical misuse or abuse.
- 14 Section 5. Documentation of Counseling.
- 15 (1) A record that the patient refused the pharmacist's offer to counsel shall be maintained for
- 16 one (1) year.
- 17 (2) If there is no record that the patient refused the pharmacist's offer to counsel, there shall be
- 18 a presumption that:
- 19 (a) The offer to counsel, as required in Section 2 of this administrative regulation, was made
- 20 and accepted; and
- 21 (b) The counseling was provided.
- Section 6. The provisions of this administrative regulation shall not apply:
- 23 (1) To a hospital or institution if other licensed health-care professionals are authorized to
- 24 administer the drugs; and

1 (2) Compliance with 902 KAR 20:0116, 201 KAR 2:074 and 201 KAR 2:076 is maintained.

